Business & Tax Planning for Real Estate Professionals

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Should I Form a Business?

- Considerations
 - Tax Benefits
 - Liability Protection
 - -Future Goals/Plans for the Business
 - Expense Set Up & Annual
 - Insurance

PLLC or LLC or PA? What is the Difference?

- PLLC Professional Limited Liability Company
 - If electing to operate as an LLC, you should use the designation of Professional LLC which is PLLC since you must be licensed to work in this field.
- PA Professional Association
 - A corporation which requires a license to work in this field.

PLLC or LLC or PA? What is the Difference?

- LLC rules have changed Now available to Realtors
- Should I change from PA to PLLC?

What Requirements Will I Be Subject To?

PA

- Annual Meeting/Minutes
- File Annual Report
- Separate Tax ID Number
- Separate Bank Account
- No Commingling of Funds!
- Choice of Taxation

PLLC

- No Annual Meeting/Minutes
- File Annual Report
- Separate Tax ID Number
- Separate Bank Account
- No Commingling of Funds!
- Choice of Taxation

Tax Benefits of S-Corporations

- Minimize Your Tax Liability
 - Protect 75-85% of your Net Income from Payroll Tax
 - Still Subject to Income Tax
- Reduce Risk of IRS Audit

Tax Benefits of S-Corporations

- Realtors Routinely Have High Risk Category Expenses
 - Auto/Mileage
 - Meals & Entertainment
 - Advertising

Deducting Business Expenses

- There are dozens of possible tax deductions for real estate professionals. Any expense for your real estate business is deductible if it is:
 - Ordinary and necessary;
 - Directly related to the business; and
 - Reasonable in amount

- Advertising expenses, including websites, mailing lists, newspaper advertising, fliers, online advertising, postcards, promotional materials, logo clothing, and anything else you pay for to market your real estate business;
- Bookkeeping, accounting and legal fees;
- Business gifts (up to \$25);
- Business Licenses and permits;

- Business meals and entertainment (only 50 percent deductible);
- Car Service for business travel i.e. Uber, Lyft, cab, etc.;
- Car and truck expenses, including business mileage, depreciation, insurance, interest on car loans, lease payments, license plate fees, parking expenses, and tolls;
- Cell phones;
- Computer software;

- Computers;
- Depreciation Expense;
- Desk fees;
- Education to maintain or improve required skills (but not courses you take to pass the real estate licensing exam);
- Furniture and Equipment;
- Home office expenses;

- Insurance, including health insurance, errors and omissions insurance, business liability insurance, and business equipment insurance;
- Interest, such as interest for business loans, interest paid on business credit cards;
- Internet access fees, hotel Wi-Fi access, Hotspots, mi-fi, etc.;
- Lead Generation Membership fees;

- Listing site fees- Zillow, Trulia, or other feature listing websites;
- Lockbox fees, apps, maintenance etc.;
- Maps and map books;
- Office supplies;
- Open House provisions- food, flowers, beverages;
- Outsourced Services i.e. staging fees, listing signs installed and removed, cleaning company for final walk through, etc.;

- Photography for listings, drone videos;
- Postage and delivery fees;
- Professional dues and fees for example, MLS dues and dues paid to the local Chamber of Commerce, Realtor associations, and real estate license renewal fees;
- Referral fees and commission rebates;
- Retirement plan contributions;
- Service Charges;

- Subscriptions to professional journals;
- Real estate franchise fees;
- Taxes, including payroll taxes for employees, state and local business taxes;
- Telephone service fees;
- Travel to business conventions, including transportation, lodging and food;
- Wages and benefits paid to employees.

Top 10 Steps to Establish Your Business

- 1. Form an LLC (Must use the Designation PLLC).
- 2. Obtain Tax ID (EIN) number for the PLLC.
- 3. File an election for the PLLC to be taxed as an S- Corporation.

- 4. Change your name with Florida Real Estate Commission (FREC) to the name of the PLLC.
- 5. Change your name with your brokerage to the name of the PLLC.

- 6. Open a bank account for the PLLC. Obtain a credit card in the name of the PLLC, if necessary, or just use the Debit Card from the PLLC's bank account.
- 7. Ensure all realtor-related expenses are paid out of the PLLC bank account/credit card, **NOT** out of personal account/credit card.

- 8. To transfer funds to and from PLLC's bank account, use one time, lump-sum transfers, but DO NOT pay for personal expenses with PLLC funds and Vice Versa.
- 9. Ensure bookkeeping system is in place to record all business income/expenses in order to maximize deductions.
- 10. Pay yourself a 'reasonable' salary.

Questions?

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