44 WAYS TO REDUCE OCCUPANCY COST AND/OR RISK

- 1. Eliminate Personal Guaranty The Landlord can look only to the Lessee entity in case of default.
- 2. Eliminate Spouse from Guaranty The Landlord can look only to the individual guarantor, and may not be able to attach assets which are owned jointly between spouses.
- 3. Limit Personal Guaranty to a fixed time period The guaranty expires after said period.
- 4. Limit Personal Guaranty to a fixed dollar amount This creates a maximum cap for which the guarantor is liable.
- 5. Obtain a "kick-out" clause at any time if a penalty payment is made by Tenant. Tenant can pay a penalty to Landlord and break the Lease, rather than be responsible for the full term.
- 6. Obtain a "kick-out" clause after a certain time frame. Same as above, but only available after a set time frame.
- 7. Obtain a "kick-out" clause based on possible future problems such as parking. Tenant has right to break lease if certain acts occur which are detrimental to Tenants occupancy.
- 8. Strike the Non-ASSIGNABILITY. Make assigning the Lease to a partner or purchaser a possibility.

- 9. Increase broadness of Use Clause. Allows Tenant flexibility in how they operate their business, ability to add or delete products and services.
- 10.Use less lease length and more option periods. Shortens the length of Tenant liability while still giving Tenant option to remain and operate Tenant's business.
- 11.Get as many options as possible with the longest terms possible. Gives Tenant control over the space, protects against increasing rents.
- 12.Limit Common Area Maintenance (C.A.M.), Taxes and Insurance increases to a certain % per year. Limits Tenant's potential liabilities.
- 13. Cap Common Area Maintenance, Taxes and Insurance increases. Same as above.
- 14. Eliminate Space Substitution (relocation) Clause. Transfers more control from Landlord to Tenant, prevents Landlord from relocating Tenant without Tenant's consent and compensation.
- 15. Pay CAM % based on total rent only, without off-set for anchor tenants or vacant space. Ensure Tenant pays only Tenant's fair share (pro-rata) of operating expenses.
- 16. Eliminate management fees from CAM. Reduces CAM and protects Tenant from overcharges by Landlord.
- 17. Cap management fees in CAM. Same as above.

- 18. Obtain the right to audit CAM charges. Protects Tenant against Landlord overcharges.
- 19. Define what is included in CAM very precisely (No advertising, no management over ride, etc.). Same as above.
- 20.Increase Grace Period for late rents. Gives Tenant additional time prior to penalties.
- 21. Decrease Late Penalty. Lowers Tenant's potential costs.
- 22.Reduce events of default. Lowers Tenant's risk of defaulting on Lease.
- 23.Increase time allowed to cure defaults. Gives Tenant more flexibility in their remedies.
- 24.Reduce Landlord remedies of default. *Limits Landlord's options*.
- 25. Decrease required Insurance amount. Lowers Tenant's cost.
- 26.Limit Landlords ability to lease adjacent spaces to parking intensive neighbors. *Prevents Tenant from facing a parking problem.*
- 27. Obtain a broad exclusivity clause. Reduces Tenant's competition potential.

- 28. Retain rights to interior furniture, fixtures and equipment. Allows tenant to retain more of its assets.
- 29. Shorten Landlord rebuilding period. Forces Landlord to put Tenant's space back in operable condition sooner.
- 30. Obtain right to rebuild yourself. Gives Tenant the option to do its own repairs if Landlord is too slow.
- 31. Obtain right to offset rents against Tenant repairs. Allows tenant to do repairs, and offset the cost against rental payments.
- 32. Obtain right of first refusal on adjacent space. Allows Tenant to expand into adjacent space.
- 33. Obtain option to buy. More relevant to smaller properties, this gives Tenant the option to purchase the property.
- 34. Obtain first right of refusal to buy. Allows Tenant to purchase the property at the same price and terms that a third party offers.
- 35. Make joining the Merchant's Association an option, not mandatory. Reduces Tenant's expenses.
- 36. Have Landlord guarantee HVAC, electrical, plumbing, etc. for a time period. May reduce Tenant's expense.
- 37. No percentage rent. Reduces Tenant's expenses and bookkeeping obligations.

- 38.No limitation of trade area. Gives Tenant full ability to expand wherever Tenant sees fit.
- 39. Obtain a guaranty of signage use. Assures Tenant will obtain and retain proper signs.
- 40. Make sure the property's rules and regulations cover potential problems such as neighboring businesses who use too much parking, make too much noise, create obnoxious fumes, operate non-synergistic businesses (pawn shops, bingo parlors, strip joints). Makes Tenant's occupancy more trouble-free.
- 41.Get a right to terminate your lease if a major anchor tenant vacates the premises. Allows Tenant to relocate depending on relevant circumstances.

OUTSIDE of the lease document itself:

- 1. Use a good mapping system to determine the demographics and competition in the surrounding area. Insures that Tenant is picking the right site, and there will be plenty of business.
- 2. Talk to existing tenants about sales activity, parking, crime, etc. Makes sure Tenant is not getting into a bad situation.
- Research the rental market for information on past and current deals. *Makes sure Tenant is getting a fair rental rate and terms.*This information is provided compliments of

The Schenk Company, Inc Greg Schenk 614-496-2715 www.irepthetenant.com